

Unit 6: Reporting and Interpreting Results

Engineering Corpus — Full corpus (163 articles, ~610,000 words)

OVERVIEW

The Results section presents what was found. In engineering, results are overwhelmingly communicated through figures, tables, and equations; the surrounding text directs the reader's attention to key features, reports numerical outcomes, and provides brief commentary.

Unlike the humanities, where results sections are dense with p-values and test statistics, engineering results sections are dense with **directional change language** (*increase, decrease* at 54.4/10k), **extrema** (*maximum, minimum, peak* at 24.2/10k), and **comparisons** (*higher than, compared to* at 15.5/10k combined). The Results section in engineering is less about statistical significance and more about performance, behaviour, and agreement with predictions.

BEFORE YOU WRITE: CONCEPTUALISING YOUR RESULTS SECTION

Step 1: Identify Your Main Findings

List your findings, starting with the most important. For each, write one sentence in plain language.

Step 2: Decide Your Organising Principle

By test case or configuration; from validation to new results; by parameter; or from general to specific.

Step 3: Plan Your Data Displays

For each finding: figure, table, or text? In engineering, figure

references (60.0/10k in body sections) far exceed table references (10.3/10k).

Step 4: Decide What to Comment On

Brief commentary (6.6/10k) is acceptable in Results, particularly *good agreement* judgments, but save extended interpretation for the Discussion.

MOVE 1: DIRECTING ATTENTION TO DATA DISPLAYS (10.6/10K)

Engineering results are communicated primarily through figures and tables. This move directs the reader’s attention.

Usage	Count	Per 10k	Function
Fig./Figure N shows/presents/illustrates	350	5.7	Figure as grammatical subject
is/are shown/presented/plotted in Fig./Table	104	1.7	Finding as subject, display as location
Table N shows/presents/lists	85	1.4	Table as grammatical subject
it can be seen/observed from	56	0.9	Impersonal observation
as shown/seen/presented in Fig./Table	28	0.5	Parenthetical back-reference
see Fig./Table	25	0.4	Directive reference
Total Move 1	648	10.6	

Key finding: The figure-as-subject construction (*Fig. N shows...* at 5.7/10k) is the dominant way to open a results paragraph. The impersonal *it can be seen* (0.9/10k) is a distinctively engineering construction that removes all human agency from the observation.

Corpus examples:

“Fig. 9 shows the SPL evaluated at ‘Head Cavities’ for some section and for all the 5 investigated configurations.” (Fig. N shows - figure as subject)

“Table 3 shows the electric vehicle’s energy consumption with and without the proposed ECC under these initial conditions.” (Table N shows - table as subject)

“Table 8 shows that the tracking accuracy on a 50 μm -diameter circular trajectory was less than 5 nm and the homing accuracy was less than 1 nm.” (Table N shows that - introducing a finding)

“From these figures it can be seen that the ensemble of ascending nodes occupied by the inclined debris fragments is centred at 0° spanning $\pm 60^\circ$.” (it can be seen - impersonal observation)

Writer’s note: Choose your construction to control emphasis. *Fig 5 shows X* foregrounds the figure. *X is shown in Fig 5* foregrounds the finding. *It can be seen from Fig 5 that X* creates an observation frame. Vary them to avoid monotony.

MOVE 2: REPORTING FINDINGS (134.3/10k)

The dominant move: presenting specific outcomes with numerical evidence.

Key finding: Where the humanities rely on p-values (56.9/10k), engineering relies on **directional change** (*increase/decrease* at 54.4/10k) and **extrema** (*maximum/minimum/peak* at 24.2/10k). Engineering Results describe how things change, how big they get, and how they compare.

Corpus examples:

“LCOE for the plant using SC as a power block is 0.0947 $\$/\text{KWh}$ which is lower than the GC and OC by 31.82% and 48.8%, respectively.” (comparative + respectively)

“Results indicate that a collision is likely to occur every 4 years for one satellite out of the entire GEO active satellite population against a 1 cm RSO catalogue.” (results indicate - quantified finding)

“The proposed ECC reduces the electric vehicle’s energy consumption by approximately 23.56%.” (directional change + approximate quantification)

Usage	Count	Per 10k	Function
increase/decrease/rise/decline/drop/reduce	3,312	54.4	Directional change
maximum/minimum/peak/optimal	1,475	24.2	Extrema and optima
shows/showed that / indicates that	783	12.9	Reporting verb + that-clause
significant(ly)	677	11.1	Marking significance
higher/lower/greater/less than	548	9.0	Comparative reporting
compared to/with	395	6.5	Explicit comparison
the effect/influence/impact of	391	6.4	Effect-framing
approximately / roughly / about [N]	284	4.7	Approximate quantification
results show/indicate/suggest	229	3.8	Results as subject
Total Move 2	~8,180	134.3	

Writer’s note: The characteristic pattern is: **[what changed] + [direction] + [by how much] + [compared to what]**. For example: “The heat transfer coefficient increased by 15% compared to the baseline configuration.” Always include direction, magnitude, unit, and comparison basis.

MOVE 3: COMMENTING ON FINDINGS (6.6/10k)

Brief interpretive commentary, anchored to data.

Key finding: The distinctively engineering construction is **good agreement** (1.0/10k) — used to judge the match between model

predictions and experimental data. It is a validation marker embedded within the Results section.

Usage	Count	Per 10k	Function
this suggests/indicates/implies /confirms	107	1.8	Brief interpretation
consistent with / in line with / in agreement with	88	1.4	Anchoring to expectations
this is due to / because / attributed to	71	1.2	Brief causal explanation
good/reasonable/excellent agreement	63	1.0	Validation commentary
as expected / not surprisingly / notably	53	0.9	Evaluative comment
may be / might be / could be [explanation]	21	0.3	Hedged explanation
Total Move 3	403	6.6	

Corpus examples:

“For the current simulation the measured and calculated turbulence intensity show a good agreement at the various mass loading.” (good agreement - validation)

“This is because the proposed ECC is only active within a certain distance, in this work 500 m, of the upcoming traffic signal.” (this is because - brief causal explanation)

“As expected, flow reduction is observed when the incident sheared flow encounters the porous tower.” (as expected - confirming predictions)

“This is because at very low expansion ratios the turbine is not producing significant amounts of work at any non-dimensional speed line.” (this is because - explaining a mechanism)

Writer’s note: Keep Results commentary brief. *This is because* and *this is due to* offer quick causal explanation. *Good agreement* signals validation. Save extended interpretation for the Discussion (Unit 8).

MOVE 4: TRANSITIONING BETWEEN FINDINGS (62.2/10K)

Usage	Count	Per 10k	Function
first/second/third/finally	1,455	23.9	Sequential ordering
however / on the other hand / in contrast	1,139	18.7	Contrastive transition
moreover/furthermore/additionally/in addition	642	10.5	Additive connection
with respect to / in terms of / regarding	468	7.7	Topic-shift markers
similarly / likewise	81	1.3	Parallel transition
Total Move 4	~3,785	62.2	

Key finding: Engineering uses *however* / contrastive markers (18.7/10k) far more heavily than the humanities, reflecting the comparative nature of engineering results. The construction *in terms of* (7.7/10k) shifts the dimension of comparison: “*In terms of accuracy, Method A is superior; in terms of computational cost, Method B is preferred.*”

Corpus examples:

“In terms of ride comfort, the rms value of the sum of the body accelerations was increased by approximately 5% compared to the proposed observer.” (in terms of - dimension of comparison)

“In this case it has been considered only the Head Cavity of the section III because it appears to be the most critical in terms of internal SPL.” (in terms of - narrowing focus)

THE RESULTS CYCLE

For each major finding, the moves cycle:

Direct (Move 1): “*Fig. 5 shows the variation of displacement with load for all three configurations.*”

Report (Move 2): “*The maximum displacement for Configuration A was 12.3 mm, compared to 8.7 mm for Configuration B, a reduction of 29%.*”

Comment (Move 3): “*This reduction is consistent with the increased stiffness predicted by the analytical model.*”

Transition (Move 4): “*In terms of energy absorption, however, Configuration A outperformed Configuration B...*”

Then repeat for the next finding.

RESULTS VS. DISCUSSION

Feature	Results	Discussion
Numerical detail	Dense (134.3/10k)	Less dense
Figure/table references	High (10.6/10k)	Lower
“Good agreement”	1.0/10k (brief validation)	Extended comparison
Causal explanation	Brief (this is because 1.2/10k)	Extended (may be attributed to)
Hedging	Lower	Higher
Comparison with literature	Brief anchoring (1.4/10k)	Extended discussion

IMPLICATIONS FOR WRITING

Lead with Figures

The construction *Fig. N shows...* (5.7/10k) is the standard opening for a results paragraph. Plan your figures first, then write the text around them.

Quantify Everything

Always state the direction, magnitude, unit, and comparison basis. Vague reports (“*the performance improved*”) are insufficient.

Use “Good Agreement” for Validation

The construction *good agreement* (1.0/10k) signals the match between

prediction and measurement. It belongs equally in Unit 7 (Validation).

Vary Your Display References

Alternate between *Fig. N shows...* (figure as subject), *X is shown in Fig. N* (finding as subject), and *It can be seen from Fig. N that...* (impersonal). Monotonous repetition is a common weakness.